

Closing the Digital Gap using Universal Service Funds

Key Lessons from Ghana

Abraham Kofi Asante

Administrator, GIFEC

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Outline

- ➤ □ Overview Ghana's Universal Service Fund
- **>**□ Our Projects
- □ Innovation in Rural Coverage and Affordability
- ➤□ Our Strengths and Challenges
- ➤□ Opportunities-Lessons Learnt



GIFEC: Universal Access to all persons

The Fund was launched in November, 2004. Operationalized in January 2005.

The Electronic Communications Act, 2008 (Act 775) provides the legal framework (mandate) for the activities of the Fund.

The mission of the Fund is "To facilitate the provision of Universal Access to all persons through the use of affordable

Information Communication Technologies for socio economic development."

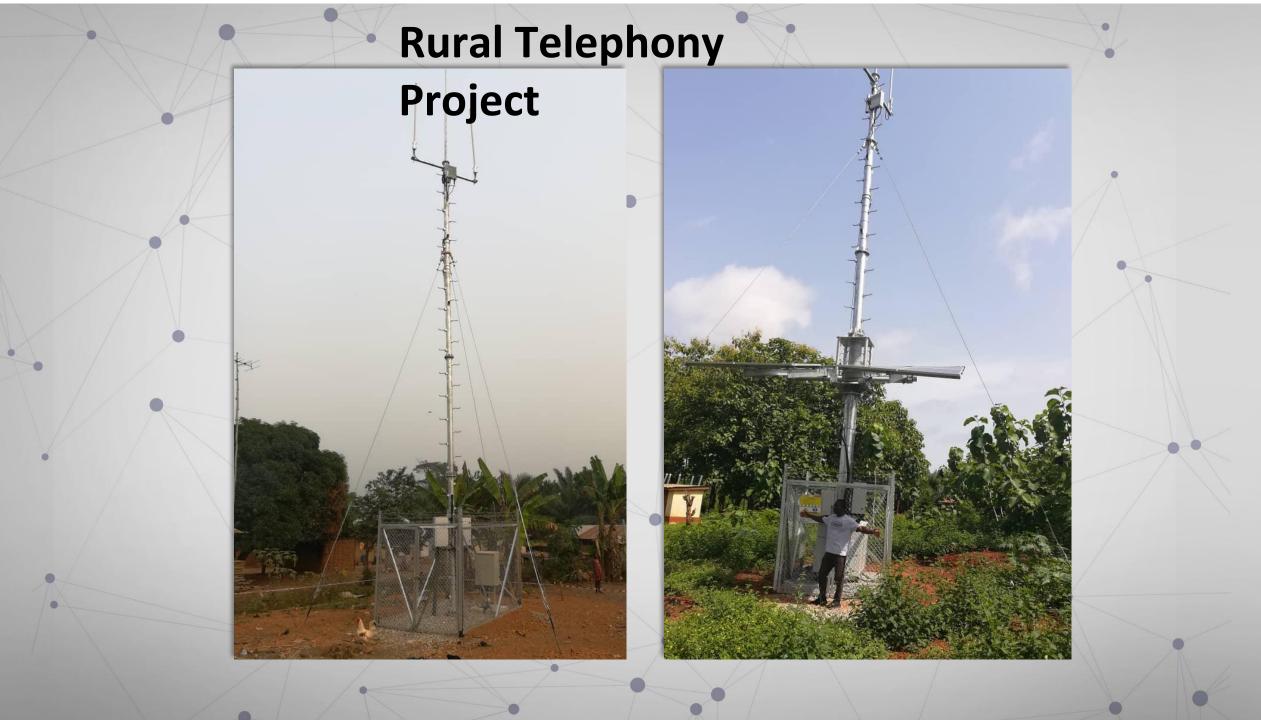






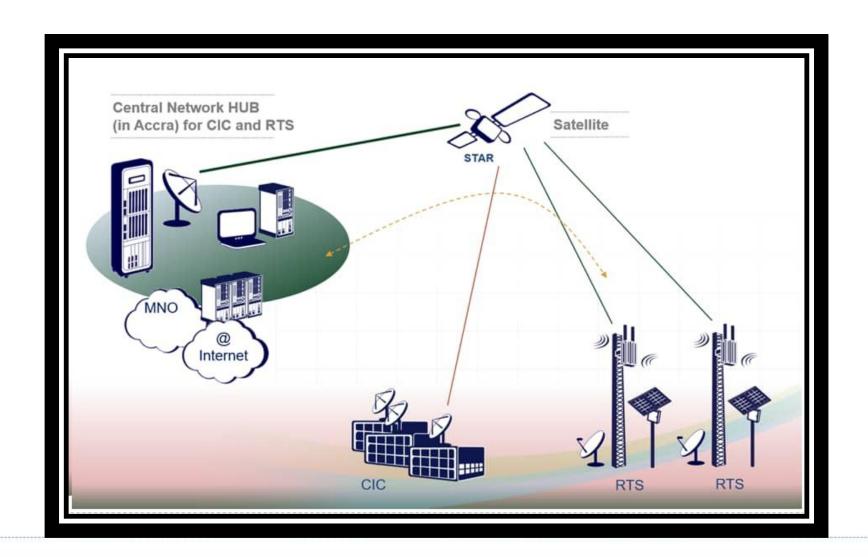


Our Projects





Satellite Hub





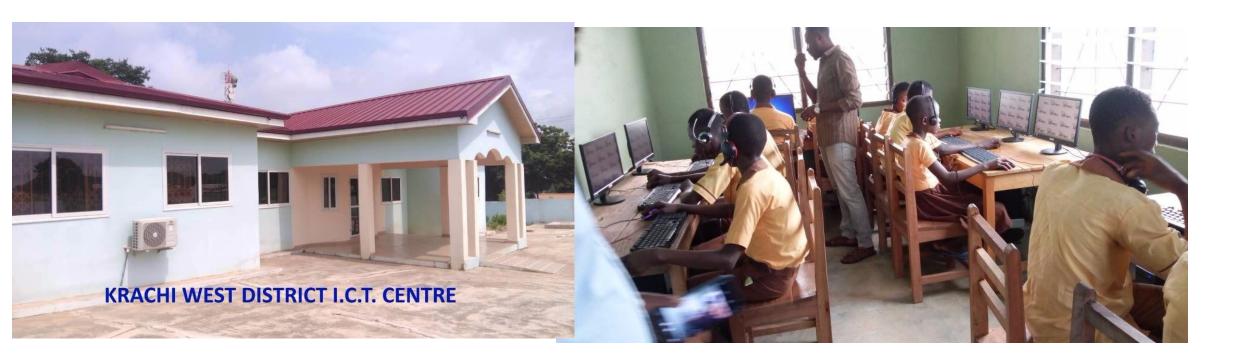
Reaching unserved schools



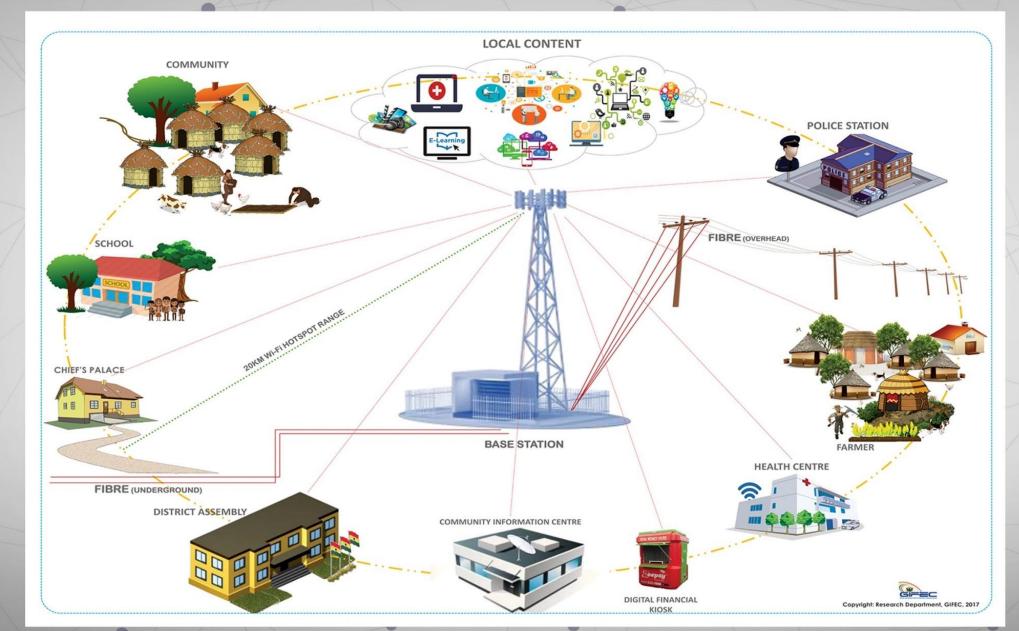
One Hundred and Eighty (180) ICT labs equipped and connected through our Satellite Hub



Community Information Centre – Access Hubs



Smart Community- Architecture





Our Broadband Technology



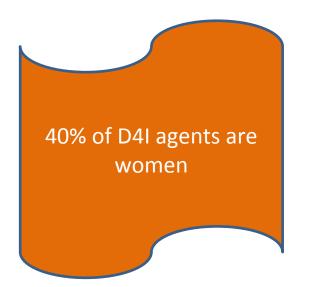
Outdoor



Indoor



Digital for Inclusion (D4I) Banking the Unbanked







Our solution to address the gender digital divide



ICT Capacity Building, Awareness and Content Creation







The Women involved are;
Dressmakers
Beadmakers
Hairdressers



Coding for Kids





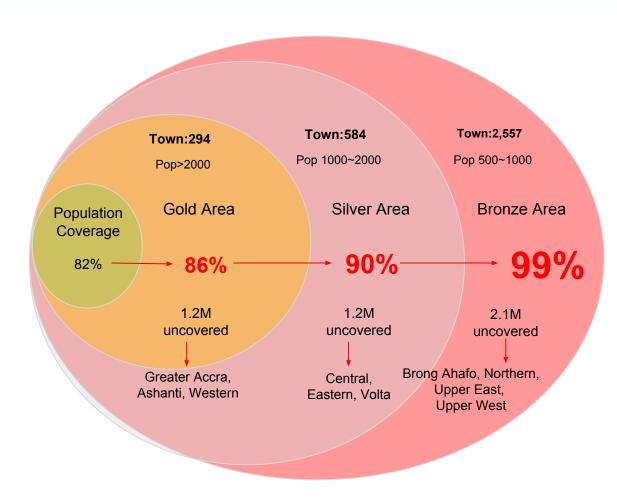




Innovation in Rural Coverage and Affordability



Challenges in Extending Connectivity



• Lack of Infrastructure(Road, Power, and etc.)



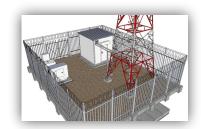


Scattered Settlements and Low Revenue





High CAPEX and OPEX





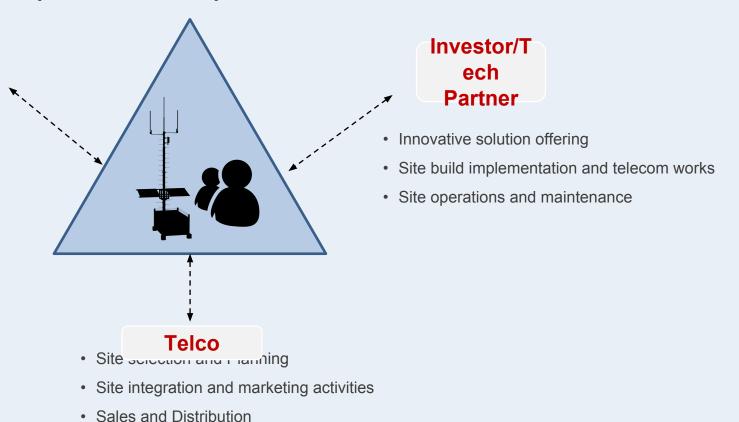


Innovative Partnership Model: More Stakeholders Benefits Sharing

Tripartite Partnership Model

GIFEC

- Site Acquisition and permitting
- Joint Site survey based on nominal selection
- · Custom's waiver for equipment clearance
- ECG facilitation for selected sites
- Acquisition of frequency (UMTS 900)



· Only 3G or better



Innovative Solution:

TCO Savings and Increased Rural Coverage

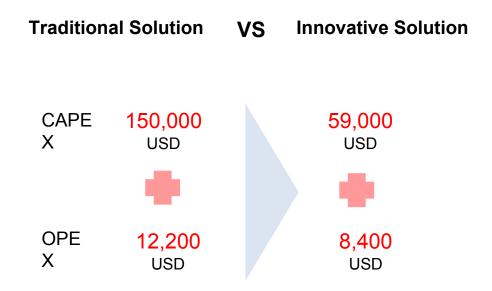








70% TCO Savings





Rural Connectivity and Broadband Services: Our Achievements





- ✓ The objective of the Rural Telephony Project is to support telecommunication operators to extend their mobile broadband services into locations of less commercial viability.
- ✓ 400+ Rural telephony sites have been constructed in deprived communities that were without communication facilities in the country.
- ✓ A total number of about 1,200,000 new subscribers (voice and data) in the beneficiary communities can now communicate and transact business with people in and around the world using broadband services.



Our Strengths

- Established by Ghana's Electronic Communications Act, 2008 (Act 775)
- Tax Exempted
- A 5-Year strategic plan
- Reliable source of funding by industry players
- Regional offices to bring service closer to the people
- Adequate in-house capacity to serve as technicians and facilitators
- Prudent fund managers

Our Challenges

- Insufficient funds 1% of net revenue from Telcos
- Sustainability of Projects Community ICT Centers to run as self sustaining entities
- Drive for affordability special tariffs for unserved and underserved communities
- Categorization Unserved areas vs. Rural areas



Opportunities – Lessons Learnt

- ✓ □ Adopt more Public, Private, Partnerships (PPPs) in deploying ICT infrastructure
- ✓ □ Develop, adopt and monitor sustainability measures and indicators for each project to ensure longevity
- ✓ □ Develop relevant content, create awareness and build capacities
- ✓ □ USF interventions should be co-created with the involvement of beneficiaries and demand driven
- ✓ Improve collaboration with key stakeholders Telcos, Private Sector, Regulatory Agency and the Ministry
- ✓ □ Address Policy and Regulatory bottlenecks to improve rural connectivity and affordability.



THANK YOU